

Embedded System based Smart Automation for Elderly and Disabled People

Arun Francis G¹, Lexmitha S², Aruna Devi N³, Swathika C.K⁴
Assistant Professor¹, Student²

Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering,
Karpagam College of Engineering, Coimbatore-641032.
j.a.arunji@gmail.com¹, lexmithaneeshvi@gmail.com²,
arunadevivasanthi@gmail.com³,swathika.ck@gmail.com⁴

ABSTRACT :Physically challenged people find difficulty in switching ON/OFF their home loads such as light, fan etc., and they require an attendee to do. This smart home automation will help the handicapped patients and elderly people with locomotion problem. They can have control over the appliances from anywhere in the house. This application is capable of tracking the location of a person through GPS. Moreover, this device will detect if a person has fallen down and inform his/her family members through mobile device, so that they can get help in time. Arduino microcontroller is used as the heart of this system.

PROPOSED SYSTEM

Home automation has been proved to be a tremendous benefit for the disabled and elderly. HANDSFREE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM is designed so that disabled persons find it easy to perform the tasks. Turning ON/OFF light, fan etc. is very difficult for the elderly or disabled. The technology allows the lights and fans to be controlled with an app on a smart phone or a remote control can be an excellent option for those who have trouble with mobility. Accidental fall of elderly can also be alerted to the family members by pressing the alert button in the device. Microcontroller intelligence for operating different devices by taking input from the automation device.

INTRODUCTION

In recent years, there has been a significant increase in the population of elderly people due to increasing life expectancy and few of them require help to meet their personal needs. They will prefer independent life in home which will give comfort feel to them, and also reduces depression. In the point of economic view, the cost living cost at home with devices monitored and intelligent appliances are quiet less expensive and also beneficial than medical centers and also on nurses supervising. Also, implementing the smart home system with monitoring controls and the capability of healthcare will reduce the personal aid expenses at home. The aim of this smart home automation is to allow the elderly people, handicapped and disabled people to have control over the appliance by commanding the device without moving to the nearest control point. Additionally, it will track the location of the person and detect the accidental fall of elderly. Home automation with IOT will be helpful the user to use the appliances of home by the devices being connected to the internet. Nowadays the modern houses are being automated with the internet such as automatic turning on/off lights, security/monitoring, smart door locks etc... This type of home appliances were controlled by the wireless devices like laptop, tablet and smartphones. These type of appliances and devices have sensors being connected with the internet. Nowadays, homes are interfaced with numerous electronic devices – From a TV to CCTV. When such devices being connected with software and internet they became IoT. Smart home automation was tremendously helpful for elderly people and physically challenged persons in such more ways. Here Both the embedded IOT technology is combined to give the effective solution for elderly and disabled persons.

WORKING PRINCIPLE

Embedded system based smart automation has been proposed ultimately to help elderly people and the disabled persons. They can make use of the technology. Here we have emergency switches which will automatically on/off fans, lights which will be more helpful for them. And also accelerometer

will check their movements and will send messages accordingly. In this type system are being interfaced to connect with Arduino microcontroller. These signals are being transferred by the Bluetooth module. The authorized persons will receive the messages, notifications. Messages are sent through Node MCU WiFi module. Bluetooth network will be helpful for the user for controlling devices with the ranges of specification.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

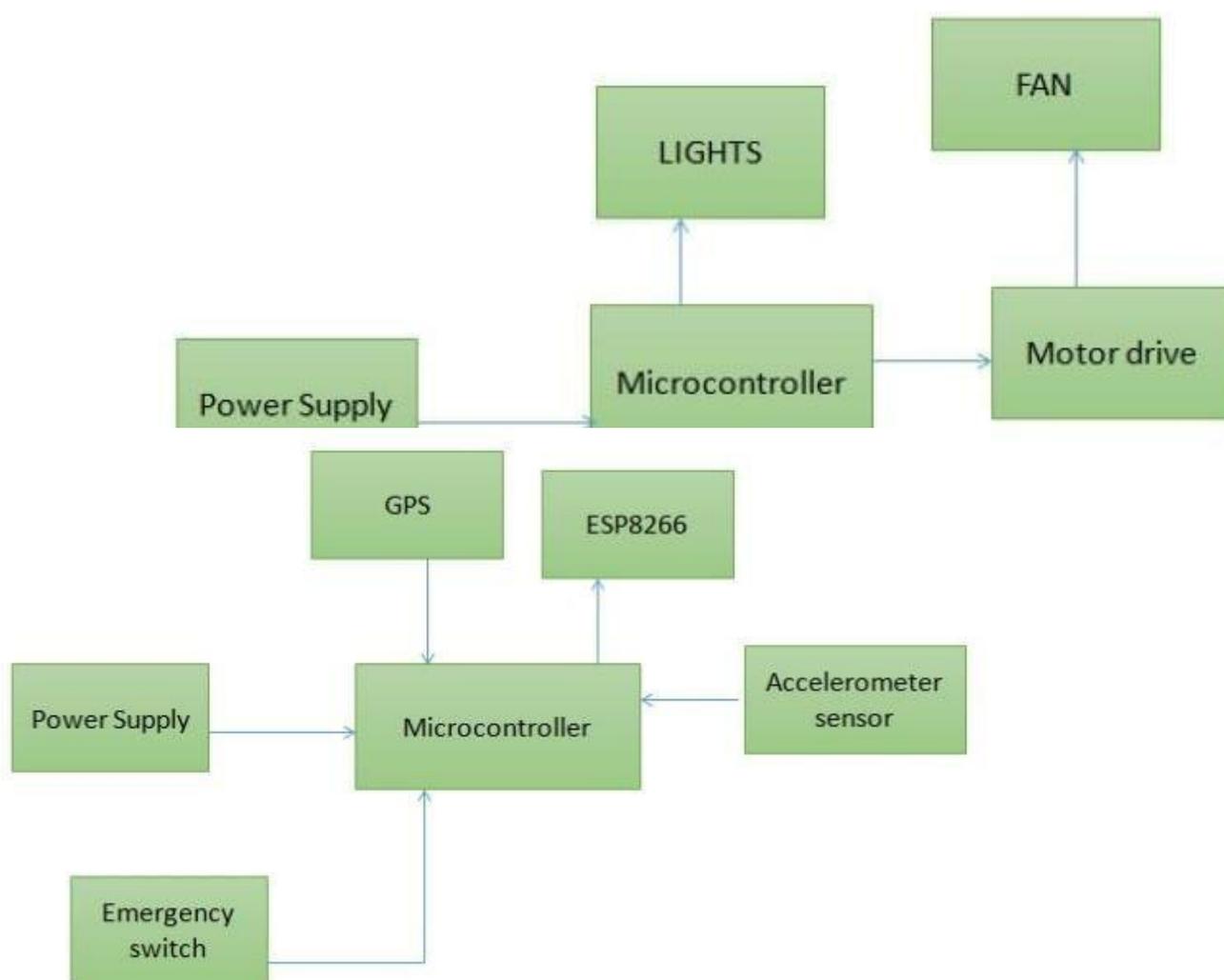


Figure 1: Block Diagram of the project

HARDWARE COMPONENTS:

I. Node MCU

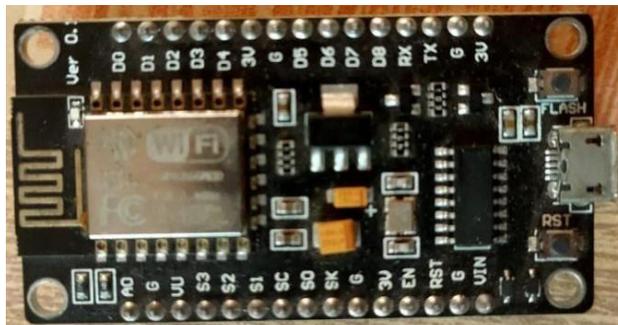


Figure2:NodeMCU

Node mcu is based on the IoT platform and it's an affordable price.ESP8266 WiFi-SoC Espressif system is which is used to run on the firmware and ESP-12 module is a hardware are included in Node mcu .Node mcu project is achieve to develop the ESP8266.Lua scripting language have been used in this firmware and its based on the eLua project.it can be powered using micro USB port and Vin pin.It has 4 Mb flash memory to store the program and the data. And also 128KB for RAM. It can be used for IOT projects. It has an inbuilt wi-fi module for wireless connection. It is an open source firmware. It contains RAM, CPU ,modern operating system etc., Node MCU will provide more consistency and it will be more accessible for IoT developers.

II. GPS



Figure3:GPS

GPS also known as (Global Positioning System) is a navigation based system. It is made up of at least with a satellite count of 24. GPS works in all conditions of weather and works all over the world and it works every second of the day. It has no setup charges or subscription fees. Exact location can be got by using this information and trilateration from GPS. Distance is measured by GPS receivers. Measuring the distance from satellites, the position of the user can be determined. And it can be displayed. For calculation of 2-D position i.e., latitude and longitude, a minimum of 3 satellites must be locked with receiver. For calculation of 3-D position, 4 or more than 4 satellites are used. Depending upon the time and location, a GPS receiver is capable of tracking 8 or more satellites. With the measurement of distances from the satellites, the receiver will be able to identify the position of user and also display that electronically to measure the running routes, to find a way to home etc., Also the GPS receiver in our phone will listen to the signals and when the receiver calculates the distance with the help of four or more GPS satellites it will be able to figure out where the person was and also our earth was surrounded by navigation satellites.

III. ACCELEROMETER SENSOR

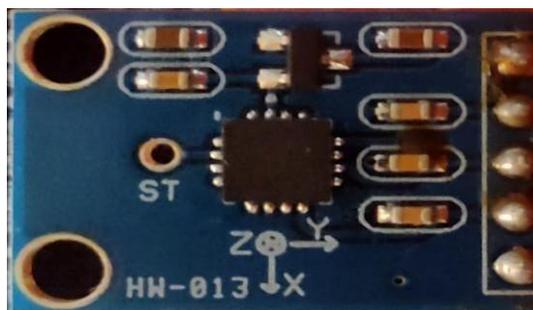


Figure4: Accelerometer sensor

ADXL335 is an accelerometer sensor. It uses the piezoelectric effect principle to work. Communication with other devices like Arduino analog interfacing is used. Any gesture controlling robots, motion detection oriented projects, smart phones and smart watches etc can use this device. An accelerometer sensor will measure and give us the proper acceleration. A proper acceleration is defined as an acceleration of our body in its rest frame and from the different coordinate accelerations. The principle of an accelerometer is a damped mass on a spring. When the device gets accelerated the mass will be displaced until the spring so that the spring will move the mass easily, which will be at the same rate that will be equal to the acceleration it sensed. An accelerometer will convert mechanical energy into electrical energy. Thus an accelerometer will provide us an accurate acceleration movement, motion, vibration of the user.

IV. MOTOR DRIVER:

The L293D IC (integrated circuit) is a typical motor driver which will allow only the direct current (DC) motor to drive in any direction. In this L293D has a 16-pin IC. This IC can control two sets of DC motors instantaneously and it can be controlled separately or independently in any direction. So we will be able to control the two DC motors with one L293D IC. The dual H-bridge motor IC driver comes under the L293D IC. A motor driver will act as an autonomous between the Arduino and the motors. The 16-pin L293D motor driver has eight pins on each side which will be used to control the motors. Also, it is an inexpensive and easy way for controlling the motor to interface the Arduino with the L293D motor driver IC. The H-bridge is used to control the direction of rotation. This L293D motor driver has VCC1 and VCC2 as the two input power pins.

V. TRANSFORMER



Figure5: Transformer

A transformer is defined as a passive electrical device which transfers electric power from one circuit to another of the same frequency. The voltage can be increased or decreased in the current rating in the circuit. It is mostly used to decrease high AC voltage at low current or increase low AC voltage at high current. In this system we use step down transformer. It downs 230V to 12V. It provides isolation between circuit and power grids. Transformer is operated based on the principle of electromagnetic induction. Transformer has magnetic core with two sets of windings called as primary and secondary.

VI. PUSHBUTTON

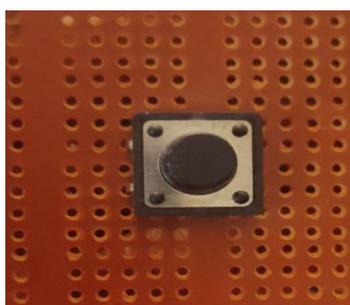


Figure 6: Push Button

To control machine or a process a simple switch mechanism can be used. It is called as push button or simply button. When push button is pressed it allows the power to pass on the circuit. When it is released, it breaks the circuit and stops passing power. It has been used in various applications like mechanical, electrical and electronic home appliances, commercial and industries. Some ordinary uses of push button examples are push button telephone, calculators, push button start in cars as well.

CONNECTION:

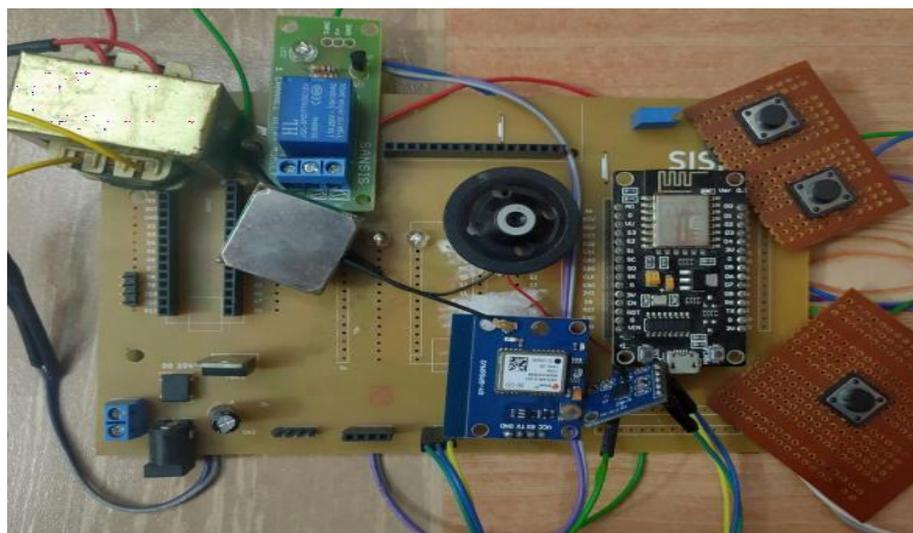


Figure 7: Diagram of the connection



Figure8:Initial resultofsoftware

OUTPUT

I. SOFTWAREOUTPUT

II. NOTIFICATIONSINMOBILE

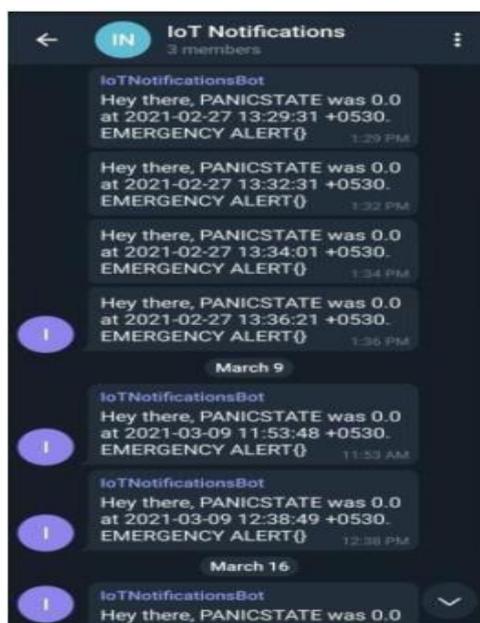


Figure9:Alertnotificationsinmobile

III. PANICSTATE RESULT

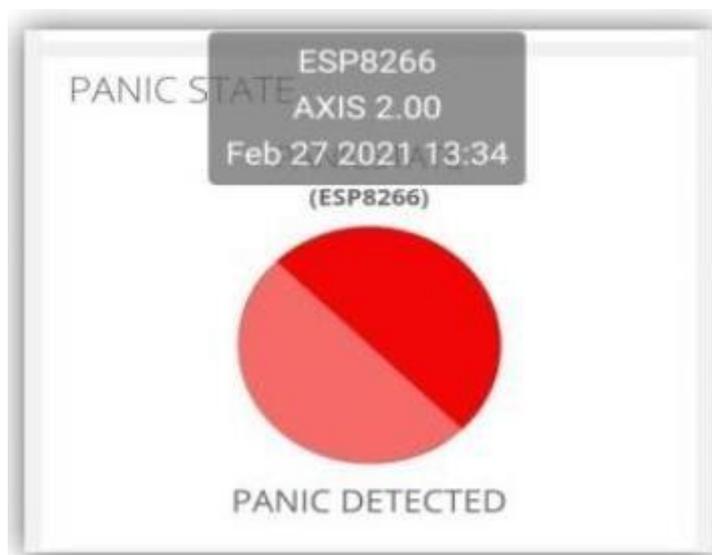


Figure10:Outputof panicstate

IV. ACCELEROMETER SENSOR



Figure11:Outputofaccelerometersensor

CONCLUSION:

We conclude that, using various technologies home automation can be developed. This smart automation is used for making the physically challenged and older people be self-dependent. In future scenario, we can also use artificial intelligence for further enhancement of this application. Also, it will be helpful for the caretakers of the elderly and physically challenged persons because they are getting immediate notification or message so that they can help them in

need of any emergency situations and they can also monitor the conditions of elderly and disabled persons movement and health conditions.

FUTURE SCOPE:

- IOT plays an important role in all different technologies.
- Microcontroller is used to control appliances.
- Wi-Fi mode can be used for controlling home automation.

ADVANTAGES:

- It provides great convenience and comfort.
- It is a user-friendly application.
- It is very cost-effective.
- Home automation system using Wi-Fi could be operated with the help of Wi-Fi mode transmission.

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